

SOLUTIONS

Factoring Test Tune-up | MPM2D

1) Factor the following expressions fully. Consider using the flowchart you received as part of your review yesterday.

a) $x^2 + 24x + 80$ (x) 80
(+24)
 $= (x+4)(x+20)$

b) $9x^2 - 4y^2$ DOS
 $= (3x+2y)(3x-2y)$

c) $2x^2 - 6x + 4$ (x) 2
(+)-3
 $= 2(x^2 - 3x + 2)$
 $= 2(x-1)(x-2)$

d) $5x^2 - 8x - 4$ (x) -20
(+)-8
 $= 5x^2 - 10x + 2x - 4$
 $= 5x(x-2) + 2(x-2)$
 $= (x-2)(5x+2)$

e) $4x^2 - 28x + 49$
 $\sqrt{4x^2} = 2x$
 $\sqrt{49} = 7$
 $2(2x)(7) = 28x$ ✓
 $= (2x-7)^2$

f) $ed + ef + gf + dg$
 $= e(d+f) + g(f+d)$
 $= (d+f)(e+g)$

Note: $d+f = f+d$!

g) $5a^7b^6 - 15a^6b^7$
 $= 5a^6b^6(a-3b)$

2) Consider the quadratic relation $y = 2x^2 - 8x + 6$

a) Plot the y-intercept

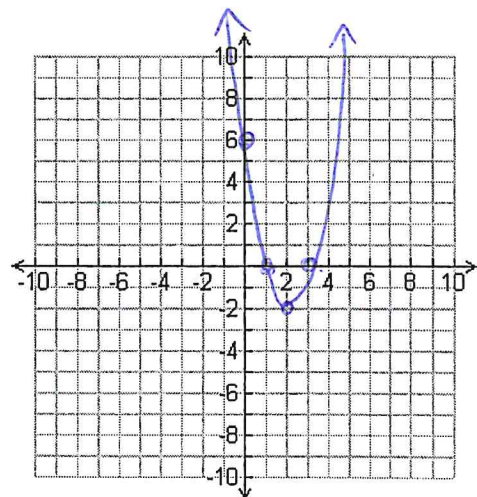
b) Factor the relation, and plot the x-intercepts

$$y = 2(x^2 - 4x + 3)$$

$$= 2(x-1)(x-3)$$

c) Find the axis of symmetry, and vertex. Then, complete the sketch of this quadratic relation.

AOS: $x=2$ $y = 2(2-1)(2-3)$
 $= 2(1)(-1)$
 $= -2$



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3 a) Find all values of b so that $x^2 + bx + 10$ can be factored over the integers. Hint: There are 4 values.

To factor, you need 2 numbers that multiply to 10 and add to b . What #'s multiply to 10?

$$\begin{array}{l}
 1 \times 10 \rightarrow b = 11 \\
 2 \times 5 \rightarrow b = 7 \\
 -1 \times -10 \rightarrow b = -11 \\
 -2 \times -5 \rightarrow b = -7
 \end{array}
 \left. \vphantom{\begin{array}{l} 1 \times 10 \\ 2 \times 5 \\ -1 \times -10 \\ -2 \times -5 \end{array}} \right\} 4 \text{ options.}$$

b) Find all values of b so that $4x^2 + bx + 5$ can be factored over the integers. Hint: There are 6 values.

To factor, you need 2 numbers that multiply to 20 and add to b . What #'s multiply to 20?

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 1 \times 20 \rightarrow b = 21 & -1 \times -20 \rightarrow b = -20 \\
 2 \times 10 \rightarrow b = 12 & -2 \times -10 \rightarrow b = -12 \\
 4 \times 5 \rightarrow b = 9 & -4 \times -5 \rightarrow b = -9
 \end{array}$$

These are the 6 options for b .

4) Write an algebraic expression for the shaded area. Expand your expression into standard form, then write your expression in factored form by factoring.

$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= (x+1)(x+2) - 3(4) \\
 &= x^2 + 2x + x + 2 - 12 \\
 &= x^2 + 3x - 10 \\
 &= (x+5)(x-2)
 \end{aligned}$$

$\textcircled{\checkmark} -10$
 $\textcircled{+} 3$

