Solving Equations: Simplifying Before Solving | MFM2P

Motivation: A photographer charges a sitting fee of \$100. The first 4 prints are free, and each additional print costs \$5.25. If your maximum budget for prints is \$257.50, how many prints could you afford?

We can model this situation with the following "word equation":

$$$100 + $5.25 \times (\# \text{ of prints} - 4 \text{ free prints}) = $257.50$$

Let's turn this into an algebraic equation, using "p" for the # of prints. Then let's use our skills from the warmup to finish solving the equation.

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Equation:	100 + 5.25(p-4) = 257.5
Apply the distributive law (if necessary):	(100)+5.25p(2)=257.5
Simplify each side (if necessary):	5.25p + 79 = 257.5 -79 -79
Solve the remaining equation:	$\frac{5.25}{5.25} = \frac{178.5}{5.25}$
	P=34 prints

Let's try another:

Equation:	3(x-2) = 2(x-1)
Apply the distributive law (if necessary):	3x - 6 = 2x - 2 $-2x$
Simplify each side (if necessary):	$\begin{array}{c} x - 6 = -2 \\ + 6 \end{array}$
Solve the remaining equation:	x = 4

Equation:

Apply the distributive law (if necessary):

Simplify each side (if necessary):

Solve the remaining equation:

$$4(x + 2) + 3x = 43$$

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$$7x + 8 = 43$$

$$-8 - 8$$

$$7x = 35$$

$$7$$

$$x = 5$$

Why don't you try the following, without the structure above:

a)
$$6(x-2) = 18$$

b)
$$5(x-2) = 7x - 20$$

c)
$$2(x+5) = 6(x+1)$$

d)
$$2(x+1) + 3(x+2) = 18$$