Today we will be solving equations in two steps (an addition/subtraction) followed by a division. We call this "two-step solving". In order for the next few days to go well, we need to be very proficient at two step solving. Let's do a few together, and talk about how you could check your answers.

Example: Solve the following equation

$$2.3x + 11.2 = 36.5$$

$$\frac{2.3x}{2.3} = \frac{25.3}{2.3}$$

$$\chi = 11$$

Does 
$$2.3(11) + 11.2 = 36.5$$
  
 $36.5 = 36.5$ 

Am I Right?

Example: Solve the following equation

$$7x - 37 = 54$$

$$+37 +37$$

$$\frac{7x}{7} = \frac{91}{7}$$

$$\chi = 13$$

Am I Right?

You try the following two:

a) 
$$4x + 29 = 5$$
  
 $-29 - 29$ 

$$\frac{4x = -24}{4}$$

b) 
$$21x - 13 = 470$$

$$\frac{21x}{21} = \frac{483}{21}$$

$$\chi = 23$$

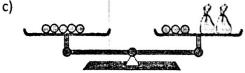
## Review: Two-Step Solving MFM2P

Example: Write an equation that models the following four scale diagrams if "x" is the number of candies in each.

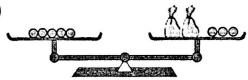
Equation:

$$2x + 3 = 5$$

3 + 2x = 5Equation:



d)



Equation:

Equation:

$$5 = 2x + 3$$

Reflect: How are the four scale diagram similar? Would you expect to get the same solution for each?

The equations you solve with two-step solving might seem a little different at times. The variable could be placed in different spots. We will quickly go over a method for solving these.

Example: Solve the following equations by rewriting them first

a) 
$$16 + 9x = 70$$

$$9x + 16 = 70$$
 $-16$ 
 $-16$ 
 $-16$ 
 $-16$ 

b) 
$$20 = 5 + 3x$$

$$3x + 5 = 20$$

$$\frac{3x=15}{3}$$

$$x = 5$$

Note: Some of you may find this step unnecessary, and can solve by using opposite operations right away.